

Distributed Systems

Partial failure, ordering, replication, and consensus, taught with the papers rather than around them. You break a running cluster on purpose and explain precisely why it behaved that way.

Advanced

4 phases

22 sessions

33 contact hours

Syllabus

4 phases, 22 sessions. Each phase ends in something you have built.

1

Partial Failure and Time

Reason correctly about a call that never returns and a clock that is quietly wrong.

5 sessions

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1.1 The Network Is Not There

Timeouts, the two generals problem, and the three things a failed RPC can actually mean.

[FREE PREVIEW](#)

1.2 Clocks Lie

NTP drift, leap seconds, and why last-write-wins on wall-clock timestamps silently drops writes.

1.3 Happens-Before by Hand

Lamport and vector clocks traced on paper, then used to detect concurrent writes in a real log.

1.4 Failure Detectors and Timeouts

Heartbeats, phi accrual, gray failure, and the tradeoff between detecting fast and detecting wrong.

1.5 FLP, and What It Costs

Why consensus is impossible in an asynchronous model, and the partial synchrony real systems assume.

By the end: **A written failure model for one two-service call path, plus a vector clock tool that flags concurrent writes in a captured log.**

2

Replication and Consensus

6 sessions

Read the Raft paper closely enough to implement it, and say precisely which consistency model you are buying. \$108 alone

2.1 Consistency Models, Precisely

Linearizable, sequential, causal, and eventual, defined by what histories each one forbids.

2.2 CAP, Priced Out

CAP as a latency bill rather than a slogan, plus PACELC and the cost when there is no partition.

2.3 Raft, Read Closely

Terms, elections, and log matching, working through the safety argument line by line.

2.4 Implement the Log

AppendEntries, commit index, and the election restriction that stops a stale leader overwriting.

2.5 Snapshots and Membership

Log compaction, learners, joint consensus, and the reconfiguration bug most implementations ship.

2.6 What etcd Actually Gives You

etcd 3.7 revisions, watches, and leases, and how kube-apiserver decides when to pay for a quorum read.

By the end: **A Raft implementation in Go that elects a leader, replicates a log, and stays safe across a partition and a rolling restart.**

3

Systems That Stay Up

Build a service that keeps its data correct under duplicate delivery, rebalancing, and overload.

6 sessions

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3.1 Exactly-Once Is a Fiction

At-least-once delivery plus idempotency keys, and what Kafka's transactional producer does not cover.

3.2 Sagas, Not Two-Phase Commit

Why 2PC blocks on a dead coordinator, and writing compensations you can safely run twice.

3.3 The Log as Truth

Kafka 4.3 on KRaft: partitions, offsets, consumer groups, and ordering that only holds per key.

3.4 Sharding and Rebalancing

Consistent hashing versus ranges, hot keys, and moving a shard without losing an in-flight write.

3.5 Retries Make It Worse

Retry amplification, thundering herd, backoff with jitter, and a retry budget that caps the blast.

3.6 Backpressure and Load Shedding

Little's Law, bounded queues, admission control, and why an autoscaler is not backpressure.

By the end: **A sharded order service on Kubernetes that keeps balances correct through a duplicate flood, a shard move, and a retry storm.**

4

Prove It Breaks

See inside a running distributed system, then attack it until it tells you something you did not know.

5 sessions

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4.1 Trace Across Six Hops

OpenTelemetry context propagation, W3C traceparent, and sampling that still keeps the rare failure.

4.2 Tail Latency and SLOs

Why the mean hides the outage, tail amplification across fan-out, and one SLO worth paging on.

4.3 Break the Cluster

Chaos Mesh 2.8 against your own Raft cluster: pod kill, partition, packet loss, and clock skew.

4.4 Jepsen Your Own Store

Generate a history under fault, then let Elle find the stale read your unit tests never saw.

4.5 Deterministic Simulation Testing

Seeded clock, network, and scheduler, replaying one heisenbug exactly, as etcd now does with Antithesis.

By the end: **A fault-injection report: five faults driven into a live cluster, each with the trace showing blast radius and one measured fix.**

Tools you will use

Kubernetes 1.36

etcd 3.7

Go 1.25

Apache Kafka 4.3 (KRaft)

Temporal

OpenTelemetry Collector 0.154

Prometheus 3.13 LTS

Grafana Tempo

Chaos Mesh 2.8

Jepsen 0.3.10 with Elle

What you will build

1 Raft From the Paper

Election and log replication that survive a partition

2 The Order Service That Holds

Sharded, idempotent, and correct under a retry storm

3 Break Your Own Cluster

Five injected faults, five traces, one measured fix

Registration

Phase 1: Partial Failure and Time	\$108
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Phase 2: Replication and Consensus	\$108
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Phase 3: Systems That Stay Up	\$108
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Phase 4: Prove It Breaks	\$108
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Whole track, all 4 phases	\$360
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